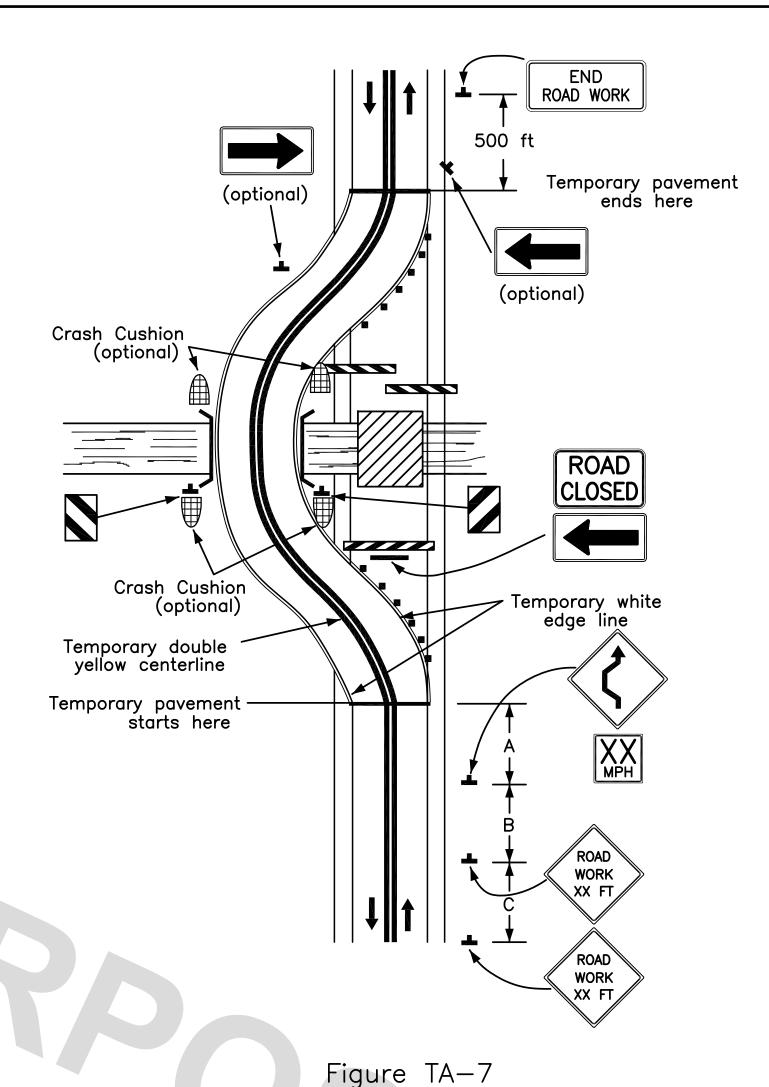


Figure TA—6
Shoulder Work with Minor Encroachment

NOTES:

- 1. All lanes should be a minimum of Ten (10) ft in width as measured to the near face of the channelizing devices.
- 2. The treatment shown should be used on a minor road having low speeds. For higher—speed traffic conditions, a lane closure should be used.
- 3. For short—term use on low—volume, low—speed roadways with vehicular traffic that does not include longer and wider heavy commercial vehicles, a minimum lane width of Nine (9) ft may be used.
- 4. Where the opposite shoulder is suitable for carrying vehicular traffic and of adequate witdth, lanes may be shifted by use of closely spaced channelizing devices, provided that the minimum lane width of Ten (10) ft is maintained.
- 5. Additional advance warning may be appropriate, such as a ROAD NARROWS sign.
- 6. Temporary traffic barriers may be used along the work space.
- 7. The shadow vehicle may be omitted if a taper and channelizing devices are used.
- 8. A truck—mounted atenuator may be used on the shadow vehicle.
- 9. For short—duration work, the taper and channelizing devices may be omitted if a shadow vehicle with activated high—intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights is used.
- 10. Vehicle hazard warning signals may be used to supplement high—intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights.
- 11. Vehicle hazard warning signals shall not be used instead of the vehicle's high—intensity rotating, flashing, oscillating, or strobe lights.

This sheet shall be used with Standard Plan No. 905-01 and 905-02.

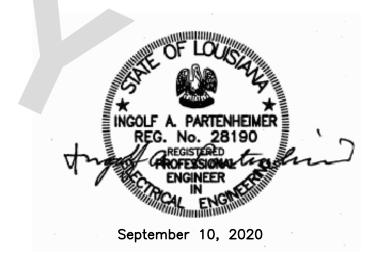


Road Closed with Diversion

DESCRIPTION REVISIONS

NOTES:

- Sign and object markers are shown for one direction of travel only.
- 2. Devices similar to those depicted shall be placed for the oposite direction of travel.
- 3. Pavement markings no longer applicable shall be removed or obliterated as soon as practicable.
- 4. Temporary barriers and end treatments shall be crashworthy.
- 5. If the tangent distance along the temporary diversion is more than Six Hundred (600) ft, a Reverse Curve sign, left first, should be used instead of the Double Reverse Curve sign, and a second Reverse Curve sign, right first, should be placed in advance of the second reverse curve back to the orginal alignment.
- 6. When the tangent section of the diversion is more than Six Hundred (600) ft, and the diversion has sharp curves with recommended speeds of Thirty (30) mph or less, Reverse Turn signs should be used.
- 7. Where the temporary pavement and old pavement are different colors, the temporary pavement should start on the tangent of the existing pavement and end on the tangent of the existing pavement.
- 8. Flashing warning lights and/or flags may be used to call attention to the warning signs.
- 9. On sharp curves, large arrow signs may be used in addition to other advance warning signs.
- 10. Delineators or channelizing devices may be used along the diversion.



PROJECT NO.

SHEET

STANDARD PLAN NO.

905-04

DATED
JULY 3, 2019

1 OF 1

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

ENGINEERING DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
AND DRAINAGE

CITY OF BATON ROUGE & PARISH OF EAST BATON ROUGE

DESIGNED DRAWN CHECKED APPROVED

MUTCD G. CHENG S. EDEL I. PARTENHEIMER

905-04